# Operation and Maintenance Manual

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INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing a Pioneer end-suction centrifugal pump. This is a heavy duty pump intended for use with non-volatile, non-flammable liquids with specified entrained solids, except as approved by the factory.

WARNING!!!

This manual provides installation, operation and maintenance instructions for your Pioneer Pump, whether of venturi-assisted self-priming or conventional configuration. It is intended to make your personnel aware of any procedure that requires special attention because of potential hazards to personnel or equipment. Read all instructions carefully and remember that pump installations are seldom identical. Therefore, this manual cannot possibly provide detailed instructions and precautions for each specific application. Thus, it is the owner/installer’s responsibility to ensure that applications not addressed in this manual are performed only after establishing that neither operator safety nor pump integrity are compromised by the installation.

WARNING!!

Centrifugal Pumps are designed for specific service and may or may not be suited for any other service without loss of performance or potential damage to equipment/personnel. If there is ever any doubt about suitability for a specific purpose; contact your Pioneer Pump, Inc. representative or the factory for assistance.

Remember: Pump performance may be affected by changes in pumpage such as, specific gravity, viscosity, temperature, operating speed and NPSHA (net positive suction head available).
INSPECTION

All equipment is inspected at the factory prior to shipment. However, you should inspect all equipment upon arrival for shipping damage and item shortages from the packing slip. Report any damage or shortages to the carrier and **Pioneer Pump, Inc.**

RECORDING MODEL & SERIAL NUMBERS

Please record the model and serial number for your **Pioneer Pump** in the spaces provided below. The factory will need this information when you require parts or service.

Pump Model: _____________________________________________
Pump Serial Number: __________________________________________
Engine/Motor Serial #: _______________________________________
Engine/Motor Model Mgf: ______________________________________

WARRANTY INFORMATION

Pioneer Pump’s current terms and conditions, including limited warranty policy, can be found on our website [http://www.pioneerpump.com](http://www.pioneerpump.com) from the homepage by selecting More > Resources > Terms and Conditions or by following this link:

[http://pioneerpump.com/media/232391/M5132_Pioneer_Standard_Terms_and_Conditions-1-.pdf](http://pioneerpump.com/media/232391/M5132_Pioneer_Standard_Terms_and_Conditions-1-.pdf)
INSTALLATION

FOUNDATION/BASE PLATE/SKID

Pioneer pumps are available in trailer mounted, skid mounted or conventional channel base mounted configurations, or bare pumps may be mounted by a third party. Typically a channel base mounted unit is intended for a permanent installation, and the following recommendations for permanent installations should be followed.

If using a concrete foundation it should be rigid enough to inhibit vibration. Pour the foundation well in advance of installation of pump equipment to allow time for drying and curing.

If the pump is to be mounted on a steel frame, or similar structure, it should be set directly over the supporting beams. These beams and the structure must be rigid enough to prevent distortion and potential misalignment due to movement within the structure or base.

The location of this structure should be as close as possible to the pumpage source. Provide adequate space for operation, maintenance and inspection of the pump and equipment.

The concrete foundation should be provided with anchor bolts for attachment to the base plate. If required, provide adequate drainage to keep pump and motor dry and clean. Also, provide either leveling nuts or leveling wedges for mounting the base plate to the foundation.

LEVELING

When mounting the base plate to the foundation use leveling nuts or wedges to provide a level, flat base plate. Use a machinist's level on the mounting pads and make adjustments as necessary as the anchor bolts are tightened. This will provide the true alignment between the pump and motor. For portable trailer or skid mounted, engine driven units, it is important that the pump / engine assembly be level so as to assure proper fuel feed and distribution of engine lubricants. Trailer mounted units can be leveled using the tongue jack and blocking under the lower wheel. Wheels should be properly chocked so as to prevent rolling of the trailer. Skid mounted units should be leveled by preparing the ground or blocking under the skid. For portable electric units accurate leveling is not particularly important except as required for proper piping alignment.

GROUT

If a base mounted pump is to be grouted, ensure that you have the mounting surface flat and level for correct alignment of pump and motor. Build a dam around the base plate perimeter that is to be watertight. Use standard grouting practice and be sure to protect (cover) the leveling wedges with caulk or plastic tape if they are to be removed later. After the grout has thoroughly hardened, remove forms. If the wedges are removed, fill holes with grout. Seal grout by covering with a quality paint or sealer.
TRAILER MOUNTED UNITS

See “OPERATION” section.

INSTALLATION

INSTALLING PUMP

Insure that all foreign material has been removed from the pump before mounting. Be sure to remove all shipping protection prior to operation.

NOTE: Many of the bare pumps are shipped with protective guards and coatings.

SUCTION PIPING

For best performance the suction piping should be at least as large as the pump flange, never smaller. Use an eccentric reducer at the suction flange with the straight side up. The use of flow-retarding fittings is to be avoided and if necessary should never be placed closer to the pump suction than four (4) times the pipe diameter. The pump should be at the highest point of the piping. Slope the piping up to the pump to prevent air pockets. Avoid changing pipe size except to reduce a larger suction pipe diameter to the pump suction flange size using the eccentric reducer mentioned above. All suction piping and fittings are to be checked for any foreign material (rocks, bolts, wire, etc.) and also any sharp burrs that could disrupt the flow.

DISCHARGE PIPING

Use a concentric taper on the discharge side to increase from pump discharge flange size to a larger discharge pipe diameter, or maintain discharge piping the same size as the discharge size of the pump. The decision of what size discharge pipe to use in an economic one, a balance between the higher cost of larger piping versus the higher energy requirements imposed by pipe friction. Otherwise, the only detrimental effects of discharge piping size choice derive from the pump running too near shut-off or too far out on its curve. The discharge size should be adequate to maintain reasonable velocities and reduce friction losses. All valving and additional fittings should be the same size as the discharge line.

SUCTION & DISCHARGE PIPE FLANGES

All piping is to be supported, braced and lined up square before connection to the pump flanges. In fixed or permanent installations a flexible fitting is recommended on both suction and discharge, to eliminate any piping strains being transmitted to the pump. Portable installations still require support of discharge and suction piping or hose near the pump so as to avoid undue forces being carried by the pump flanges. Supporting the piping or hoses with the pump flanges can result in rubbing and wear between rotating and stationary portions of the pump, possible breakage of the case or brackets or failure of seals or couplings.

NOTE: Flexible pipe couplings must be restrained so as not to transmit any strain to the pump flanges when expanding or contracting under pressure. Unrestrained expansion fittings can transmit enormous forces to the pump flanges.
INSTALLATION

SCREENING

Make provisions for the installation of a suction screen or strainer to prevent any debris from clogging the impeller. The open area of the strainer should be equal to at least four (4) times the area of the pipe. The screen should be rigid enough to prevent collapse when flow is reduced due to clogging.

SUMP DESIGN

The submergence of the suction pipe into the liquid should be at least four (4) to five (5) times the pipe diameter. If this is not possible then provide a baffle or a floating board. This is to prevent any vortex action allowing air into the pipe. For best performance a bell mouth fitting is recommended. Refer to the Hydraulic Institute Handbooks or other Hydraulic Data books for detailed sump design information.

LIFTING

Any lifting equipment is to be rated for at least five (5) times the weight of the item being lifted. Use only established methods when lifting or moving any heavy components.

ALIGNMENT OF PUMP AND MOTOR

Precise alignment is necessary to achieve correct performance of the system. Every time a component is moved this alignment will have to be checked. The alignment can be checked with a straight edge and an outside caliper, taper thickness gauge, dial indicators or, for best results, use a laser alignment tool. Use the straight edge across the outside diameters of the coupling halves to ensure that they are concentric and parallel. The outside calipers or the taper thickness gauge is to correct for any angular misalignment and to verify the correct gap between the coupling flanges. Use a laser alignment tool or dial indicators to adjust for concentric and angular displacement. With dial indicators, rotate shafts together and take readings every ninety (90) degrees. Make adjustments by placing shims under the driver, and be sure that the mounting bolts are properly tightened while taking readings and after final adjustment then install coupling guard.

If the pump is equipped with an SAE bracket and flywheel coupling for direct mounting of the pump to the engine bell housing, alignment between crankshaft and pump shaft is automatically attained due to the register fits between the bell housing and pump bracket.

ROTATION

Before the pump is started, correct rotation must be confirmed. If the rotation is not correct, then interchange any two of the leads on a three (3) phase driver. For a single-phase driver refer to the wiring diagram. Engine rotation should be confirmed with the engine supplier.
VENTURI PRIMING

Figure 10039A, 10040A

Venturi prime Pioneer pumps prime using the vacuum created by the air from the engine compressor flowing through the jet pump. The vacuum of the jet pump is connected to the pump’s priming spool. If this priming device is not supplied on your pump model you will need either a flooded suction or a foot valve and some other means of evacuating air from the pump case and suction line. With a flooded suction use a bleed valve at the top of the volute to allow trapped air to escape. If you are using a foot valve, then fill the suction line and pump case with water and use a bleed valve for trapped gas as above. If a hand primer is to be used it will be necessary to have an air tight check valve or closeable control valve on the discharge line to prevent the entry of air from the discharge side. Rotating the pump shaft will release trapped gas in the impeller. If the pump has a float ball priming chamber connected to the priming spool, the jet pump’s vacuum line will automatically be shut when the pump is primed. If the spool does not contain a float ball priming chamber it will emit water once it is primed.

PRE-START CHECKLIST

1) Verify that rotation is correct and that the shaft rotates freely.

2) Check all piping connections for tightness.

3) Inspect all accessories and make sure they are appropriate for your installation.

4) Verify that the driver and coupling are aligned correctly and that all guards are in place.

5) Ensure that all bearings and grease seals are lubricated.

6) Oil levels should also be checked and maintained during pump operation.

7) Follow the instruction on all tags, labels and decals attached to the equipment.

WARNING!!!

This pump is designed to handle most non-volatile, non-flammable liquids containing specified entrained solids and corrosives. Do not attempt to pump volatile, corrosive, or flammable liquids which may damage the pump or endanger personnel as a result of pump failure.

OPERATION

CAUTION!!!

Pump speed and operating condition points must be within the continuous performance range shown on the performance curve in the separate Part List Manual for your specific pump model.

STARTING

Any centrifugal pump must be primed before starting unless it is of a self-priming design. See preceding section on priming, and ensure suction pipe is filled with water. With discharge
valve closed, start the pump and slowly open valve. Throttle the flow gradually to fully open. Avoid any abrupt changes in the discharge flow rate to prevent pressure surges in the piping. If the design pressure is not achieved shut the pump down immediately. Ensure that pump is adequately primed and restart.

Never run the pump with the discharge valve closed for extended periods of time. Never use the suction valve to throttle the flow. Check all suction and discharge piping for leaks.

If a suction strainer is installed, check the pressure drop across the strainer. If the differential in pressure exceeds five (5) PSI have the strainer cleaned.

**OPERATION OF ENGINE DRIVEN UNITS**

**Before Starting**

Check the fuel level and oil levels in the engine, check the oil level or grease & in the pump bearing housing and seal chamber (backplate/bracket reservoir).

**CAUTION!!!**
Make sure the pump is level. Lower jack stands and chock the wheels. Use caution when positioning the skid-mounted unit to prevent damage to the fuel tank. Consult the engine operations manual before attempting to start the unit.

**WARNING!!!**
Do not operate the pump without guards in place over the rotating parts. Exposed rotating parts can catch clothing, fingers or tools, causing severe injury to personnel.

**MAINTENANCE**

**WARNING!!!**
Before attempting to service this pump, read this manual carefully. Operators and maintenance personnel should have a good understanding of all aspects of this pump and the pumping conditions. Failure of operating personnel to be familiar with all aspects of pump operation outlined in this manual could contribute to equipment damage, bodily injury or possible death.

**WARNING!!!**
Before any servicing:
1) Read this manual carefully.
2) Shut down driver and lock out incoming power to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
3) If the pump or components are hot, allow adequate cooling prior to servicing the unit.
4) Close the suction and discharge valves.
5) Vent the pump slowly and drain completely.

**WARNING!!!**
If this pump is used to handle any hazardous materials that can cause illness, either directly or indirectly, take precautions by wearing approved protective clothing and use appropriate safety equipment.
WARNING!!!
Use lifting and moving equipment in good repair and with adequate capacity to prevent injuries to personnel or damage to equipment. Attach lifting equipment to the lifting device fitted to the pump. If chains or cable are wrapped around the pump to lift it make certain that they are positioned so as not to damage the pump and so that the load will be balanced. The bail on trailer or skid mounted units is intended for use in lifting the pump assembly only. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting.

CAUTION!!!
When servicing this pump, use only components provided by Pioneer Pump, Inc. Any use of non-authorized parts could result in sub standard performance, damage to equipment and possible injury to personnel. Non-authorized parts will also void the warranty.

When using this manual any reference to part numbers or names will be directed to the applicable cross section drawing. These parts will also be called out in the bill of materials for full description.

Drain volute case of pumpage when unit is idle to avoid freezing and possible cracking of pump case, etc.

This manual also provides a troubleshooting section to diagnose many operational or performance problems. The equipment covered in this section is limited to the pump, priming and drive components only. Refer to the applicable vendor's manual for motors, engines and other accessory equipment. Use the troubleshooting section to help determine the cause of any problems, and only disassemble the pump components required to remedy the existing condition.

This manual provides installation, operation and maintenance instructions for your Pioneer Venturi Prime Pump. The manual will also make your personnel aware of any procedure that requires special attention because of potential hazards to personnel or equipment. Read all instructions carefully and remember this manual cannot anticipate or warn of every situation that could occur. Because of this the owner is responsible that only safe procedures be used, if not addressed in this manual. If any question regarding the pump is not covered adequately please contact Pioneer Pump, Inc.

WARNING!!!
Select a clean suitable location for any required maintenance, and note that all work must be performed by qualified personnel.

An ongoing record of performance will assist in any troubleshooting and/or analysis of problems. A pressure gauge can be installed on the suction and discharge side of the pump to monitor any changes in differential pressure. Differential pressure is useful in monitoring and diagnosing any possible degradation in pump performance.

MAINTENANCE

VENTURI JET PUMP
(Figure 10039A, 10040A)

Disconnect the priming chamber hose from the venturi jet pump. Unthread the venturi jet pump
from the bracket.

**PRIMING CHAMBER**
Figure 10039A, 10040A & 10045A

Disconnect and remove suction piping and air tubing from the **priming chamber/suction spool** assembly. While supporting the assembly with a sling, remove the nuts and bolts connecting the suction spool to the pump suction flange.

**PRIMING VALVE SERVICING**
Figures 09094A-VP, A1784A

The **priming valve** system, housed inside the priming chamber, is adjusted at the factory and should rarely require service. It is possible, after extended use, that wear of the holes in the **upper arm, lower arm, link** or **pins** could necessitate slight adjustment of the **stem washer** to upper arm clearance. Furthermore, it may become necessary to adjust the **valve spring** tension. The procedures for both of these adjustments are delineated in figure A1784A. The only other potential service requirement is replacement of the **stem o-ring**. To replace this o-ring, remove the elbow attached to the outlet of the priming chamber. This will expose the internal valve components. Grasping the lower end of the valve stem, remove the nut and washer located on top of the **valve washer**. Remove the valve washer and valve spring. The valve stem can now be removed through the bottom side of the **priming chamber lid**. Cut the old stem o-ring to remove it, and simply “roll” a new o-ring into place. Reassembly is the opposite of disassembly.

**DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE** (Venturi Prime only)
Figures 10039A, 10040A, A2170A

Support the **check valve** with a sling and remove the nuts, bolts, and gasket between the check valve and pump discharge flange. If the check valve disc (3) needs to be replaced, remove the top cover (2) and insert new disc. The top cover gasket (4) should be replaced at this time.

**SUCTION COVER AND WEAR RING**
Figure A2048A

If the pump is equipped with an **external balance line** it must be removed prior to removing the suction cover. Disconnect the balance line from either the **suction cover**, **suction spool** or the **backplate**.

Support the **suction cover** using a suitable sling. Remove the capscrews between the suction cover and **volute**. Jackscrew holes are provided in the suction cover to aid removal from the volute. Insert two of the capscrews attaching the suction cover to the volute into the jackscrew holes, and tighten them evenly to jack the suction cover free of the volute. If the **suction wear ring** shows grooves or uneven wear it should be replaced. Minor irregularities can be dressed with a fine file and crocus cloth. Wear rings may be reworked by light machining, if proper equipment is available to correct minor irregularities. After the removal of any stock, the ring must remain within allowable clearances for maximum performance. (Consult factory for clearances for specific models).

When the pump performance drops below acceptable limits the **suction wear-ring** and **hub**
**wear ring** (if so equipped) should be replaced. These rings can be removed by drilling two holes of the adequate size, axially, through the ring 180° apart. The ring can now be collapsed and removed.

Tap new ring into place evenly around circumference with chamfer toward suction flange. Anti-seize lubrication should be applied to the “OD” of the ring prior to installation in suction cover. Make sure wear ring is installed tight against shoulder.

**MAINTENANCE**

**ONE PIECE VOLUTE AND WEAR RING**  
(Figure A2049A)

Support the **volute** using a suitable sling and remove the capscrews between the volute and **backplate**. There are jackscrew holes in the backplate flange to aid in removal of the volute. Insert two of the volute capscrews in the jackscrew holes, and tighten them evenly to push the volute free of the backplate. If the **suction wear ring** shows grooves or uneven wear it should be replaced. Minor irregularities can be dressed with a fine file and crocus cloth. Wear rings may be reworked by light machining, if proper equipment is available to correct minor irregularities. After the removal of any stock, the ring must remain within allowable clearances for maximum performance. When the pump performance drops below acceptable limits the **volute wear ring** should be replaced. This ring can be removed by drilling two holes, of the proper size, axially, through the ring 180° apart. The ring can now be collapsed and removed.

Tap new ring into place evenly around circumference with chamfer toward suction flange. Anti-seize lubrication should be applied to the outside diameter of the ring prior to installation in volute, make sure wear ring is installed tight against shoulder.

**NOTE:** If this pump is equipped with Pioneer’s run-dry feature for mechanical seal protection, then, prior to any further disassembly of this pump, the external **oil reservoir** and **auxiliary gland** should be drained. First drain the reservoir via the plug in the bottom. Then disconnect the oil line from the reservoir, and lower this disconnected end into a suitable container.

**IMPELLER REMOVAL**  
Figure A2050A

Remove the **impeller lock screw** and **washer** at the center of the **impeller**. Utilizing a properly sized gear puller, evenly pry between the back shroud of the impeller and the **backplate**. Take care not to lose or damage any **impeller shims** that may be inside the impeller bore, and do not lose the **impeller key**. As the impeller is being removed from the **shaft** ensure that the **seal spring**, if present, is not lost or damaged. Inspect the impeller and replace or repair if warranted.

**SEAL REMOVAL** (Rotating Element)  
Figure A2051A

Once the **impeller** is removed, the **rotating assembly** of the seal (bellows, spring and retainer) can slide off of the **shaft** as a unit. Apply a light coat of oil to the shaft to help free the rotating assembly. Take care to protect this assembly from any foreign matter or damage.
MAINTENANCE

BRACKPLATE REMOVAL
Figure A2052A / Figure A2053A

The “brackplate” can now be removed by removing the capscrews between the brackplate and the bearing housing. A sling or other support should be attached to the brackplate prior to its removal. Slide the brackplate straight off of the shaft to prevent any damage to the stationary seal seat or the surface of the shaft. Care should also be taken to avoid damaging the brackplate lipseal(s) or the run-dry gland lipseal. The stationary seal seat can now be pressed out of the brackplate bore, taking care not to break the seat. The entire seal assembly can now be inspected for any damage that will require replacement or reconditioning.

BEARING HOUSING
Figure A2054A

If the frame bearings require servicing it will be necessary to remove the bearing housing from the driver and the pump end from the bearing housing. Remove the coupling guard as necessary. With the bearing housing supported with a hoist and sling remove bolts holding the housing to the baseplate. Now the bearing housing can be moved away from the driver for further servicing.

On the drive-end of the bearing housing remove the capscrews holding the bearing housing cover or the SAE bracket to the housing. Gently slide the housing cover or the SAE bracket off of the shaft to protect the lip seal(s) if it is to be reused.

Now the shaft assembly, including the shaft, bearings and the bearing locknut and washer can be removed through the drive-end of the bearing housing. This operation may require placing a block of wood against the impeller-end of the shaft and tapping with a “dead blow” hammer or using a mechanical or hydraulic press against the impeller end of the shaft. If the bearings are to be re-used, the shaft should be pressed out rather than tapped out with a hammer. With the shaft and bearing assembly out of the housing the bearings can be inspected and replaced as necessary.

CAUTION!!!
Any work on the shaft and bearing assembly should be done in a properly equipped shop by experienced personnel. We recommend that the bearings be replaced any time they are removed from the bearing housing. Clean the bearing housing and the shaft and other components except the bearings, with cleaning solvent and a string / lint free cloth. Inspect all parts and blow components dry with compressed air. If the bearings are to be replaced, the old bearings can be removed using a suitable gear puller. It is recommended that brackplate and bearing cap lip seals also be replaced at this time. These lip seals can be driven out of their bores with a drift, punch or screw driver. Before removing the lip seals note the orientation of the lips, and be certain to install the new seals with the same orientation. When driving or pressing in the lip seals use a flat block or plate which applies pressure around the entire circumference of the seal – do not drive the seal in with a drift or punch.

WARNING!!!
When using cleaning solvent be sure to have adequate ventilation, as most solvents are toxic.
and flammable. Follow all precautions pertaining to the solvent and keep area free from excessive heat, sparks and flame.

Rotate the bearings by hand and check for any roughness or wear. If any roughness, wear or discolored areas are present, replace the bearings. Also, check the fit between the bearings and shaft for a tight press fit and between the bearings and the housing for a snug slip fit. If the fits are not correct then replace the bearings, shaft or the bearing housing as indicated by wear. If bearings are to be replaced use a bearing puller to remove then from the shaft.

**BEARING HOUSING REASSEMBLY**

Figure A2054A / A2055A

After all components have been inspected, repaired, and or replaced ensure all parts are clean and ready for assembly as indicated above. Use extreme caution, during assembly, to protect all parts from dirt and damage. The bearings should be installed using the bearing manufacturer’s recommended installation procedure.

**CAUTION!!!**

If heat is used to install the bearing use an induction heater, electric oven or hot plate. Do not use a direct flame. Heat the bearings to a uniform temperature of 220E F (105EC) maximum, and slide each bearing onto the shaft until firmly seated against the shaft shoulder. Once the bearing is removed from the heat it must be placed over the shaft and seated against the shoulder very quickly or it will seize to the shaft in the wrong position. After the bearings have cooled; ensure that they are still seated against the shaft shoulder. If they are not seated use a sleeve, of the correct size, and a press to seat bearing. This sleeve and press can be used if heating the bearing is not practical, but only press against the inner race of the bearing.

**CAUTION!!!**

With the Drive-End bearing firmly seated against the shaft shoulder install the bearing lockwasher and the bearing locknut. Refer to figure A2055A for the correct orientation. Ensure the washer tab on the inside diameter is engaged in the slot in the shaft and the tab pointed toward the bearing. After the bearing nut has been tightened, bend one of the tabs on the outside diameter of the washer to engage one of the slots in the nut.

Some pumps are equipped with double angular contact bearings at the drive end. It is imperative that these bearings be installed in the correct orientation relative to one another. When installing the first of the two angular contact bearings onto the shaft make certain that the side of the inner race with the largest diameter is located against the shaft shoulder. The next bearing must be installed with smaller diameter side of the inner race against the first bearing. Refer to illustration A2056A.

Check that the bearing housing is clean and that the bearing bores are free of any burrs or nicks. Ensure that the bearing housing spacer (not used with double drive-end bearings) is installed in the drive-end bore of the housing. Wait for bearing to cool, then, from the drive-end of the bearing housing, slide the shaft/bearing assembly into the drive-end of the housing. Press the drive end of the shaft until the drive-end bearing contacts the housing or bearing spacer shoulder.

Apply a light coat of oil or grease to the bearing cap lipseal(s) that is installed in the or SAE bracket lip seal(s). Slide the bearing cap or SAE bracket over the drive end of the shaft taking
care to protect the lip seal. Secure the bearing cap to the bearing housing using the capscrews. For oil lubricated bearing frames make sure that the bearing cap o-ring is installed on the bearing cap register. Moving the shaft in both axial directions should produce a total endplay between 0.002" and 0.010". Use bearing shims to limit endplay to this range.

MAINTENANCE

BEARING HOUSING TO DRIVER REASSEMBLY
Figures A2054A, A2184A

Install the shaft key and flexible coupling hub onto the pump shaft, but do not secure. Position the bearing housing assembly into its running location and align to the driver as per the alignment section in this manual.

After the bearing housing assembly and driver have been aligned, secure the bearing housing assembly to the baseplate, then recheck alignment. Check that the coupling hub is secured to the shaft and install the coupling guard.

NOTE: For SAE bracket equipped bearing frames, coupling alignment is attained by simply bolting the bearing frame SAE bracket to the engine bellhousing.

FLYWHEEL COUPLING INSTALLATION / SAE BRACKET EQUIPPED PUMPS
Figure A2184A

Pioneer pumps purchased with SAE brackets and Flywheel couplings are shipped with the coupling mounted to the shaft in the correct axial location for engines with bell housings and flywheels manufactured to SAE standard dimensions.

CAUTION!!!
If the pump is to be mounted to the engine by other than Pioneer Pump, Inc. factory personnel, the assembler must take full responsibility to verify that the pump shaft does not bear against or make any contact with the engine crankshaft or flywheel and that the flywheel coupling is mounted in such a position so as not to transmit any axial thrust to the flywheel. Failure to verify this could result in severe engine damage.

Bolt the aluminum drive ring of the flywheel coupling to the flywheel register, and torque the fasteners (grade 8) to 372 in-lbs. Place the notched key (provided by Pioneer) into the taperlock bushing, and position the rubber element and taperlock bushing on the shaft as shown on illustration A2184A (refer to the preceding caution). Torque the taperlock bushing screws to 430 in-lbs.

MAINTENANCE

BRACKPLATE TO BEARING HOUSING REASSEMBLY

Apply a coat of oil or grease to the brackplate lip seal(s) and to the run-dry gland lip seal (if present). Slide the brackplate over the pump-end of the shaft, protecting the lip seals. Check that the brackplate drain port is located in the bottom position. Secure the brackplate to the bearing housing using capscrews provided.
reinstalling the bearing cap and brackplate. For oil lubricated bearing housings note that there
is a grease fitting on the face of the brackplate. This fitting is there to allow grease to be
injected between the two brackplate lipseals so as to provide lubrication for the outermost of
the two lip-seals. A hand operated grease gun should be used, after reassembly of the
brackplate to the bearing housing, to inject two or three “pumps” of grease between these seals.

**SEAL REASSEMBLY**
Figure A2051A

Always handle all seal parts with extreme care to prevent damage. Be especially cautious not
to contaminate the precision finished mating faces as even fingerprints can shorten seal life. If
required, clean the faces with a non-oil based solvent and a clean, lint-free cloth. Use a
concentric pattern while wiping to prevent scratching the faces.

Carefully inspect all seal parts for any damage or wear. Any scoring or grooves in the mating
faces could cause the seal to leak, so it should be refurbished and mating faces relapped or
replaced with a new complete seal assembly.

Clean the **shaft** and remove any nicks, cuts or burrs. Lubricate the outside diameter of the **seat**
opposite with 30 wt. to 80 wt. motor oil or hydraulic hose assembly lube and apply a drop of light
lubricating oil to the seal faces. Lubricate the seat bore of the **backplate** and ensure it has a
chamfer.

Slide the **stationary seat** over the shaft and carefully press into the bore of the **brackplate**.
Ensure that it is squarely seated into the brackplate. Lubricate the shaft surface and the inside
diameter of the rubber bellows. Also spray the stationary seal face with penetrating oil to create
a film. Now slide the **rotating element** over the **shaft** up to the stationary seat with the
polished face (primary ring) of the rotating element toward the polished face of the seat. Slide
the spring over the outside of the seal assembly up to the retainer flange.

**IMPELLER REASSEMBLY**
Figure A2050A

Inspect the **impeller** for any cracks or badly worn areas. Replace if necessary. Install the
**impeller key** and slide impeller over the **shaft**. Ensure that the **seal spring** is in place over the
outside diameter of the impeller hub. Install the **impeller washer** and **impeller lock screw** (use
#262 red loctite™ on threads of the impeller lock screw when reinstalling in the shaft) and
tighten (See torque specs, page 19).

**For impellers that are equipped with “backvanes” rather than a hub wear-ring, use the
following procedure:**

With the impeller firmly against the shaft end, measure the gap between the back vanes of the
impeller and the face of the **brackplate**. Remove the impeller and place **impeller shims**
(0.005, 0.010 and 0.015 thick) in the bore of the impeller until the gap is the same as it was
when originally removed. Each time the impeller is installed on the shaft make sure the seal
spring is in place over the outside diameter of the impeller hub. Once the desired gap between
the back vanes and backplate is attained, install the **impeller washer** and **impeller lock screw**
(use #262 red loctite™ on threads of the impeller lock screw when reinstalling on the shaft) and
tighten (See torque specs, page 19).
MAINTENANCE

VOLUTE REASSEMBLY
Figure A2049A

For a one-piece volute and suction cover, inspect the suction wear-ring and review the wear ring section in this manual if replacement is required. Slide a new o-ring over the register of the brackplate. Make sure the o-ring is up against the face of the brackplate flange. Lubricate the o-ring with grease. Position the volute, with the discharge nozzle in the same orientation as the piping, and secure with capscrews.

For separate volute and suction cover, check on the wear ring section in this manual for replacement, if required. Place a new o-ring over the register of the suction cover, lubricate with grease and seat it against the cover face. Secure to volute with appropriate capscrews.

DISCHARGE CHECK VALVE REASSEMBLY
Figures A2170A

Refer to the discharge check valve parts illustration if any repairs are to be made. Install the gasket and secure to the discharge nozzle with bolts and nuts. Ensure that the check valve is installed for the correct flow direction.

PRIMING CHAMBER REASSEMBLY
Figure A2169A

Refer to the Priming Chamber / Valve section if any repairs or adjustments are required. Install the gasket and use nuts and bolts to attach the priming chamber, with spool, to the suction flange of the pump.

MAINTENANCE

LUBRICATION – BEARING FRAME

The lubrication of the ball bearings will depend on speed, load, ambient temperature, contamination, moisture, intermittent or continuous service and other factors. These regreasing recommendations are general in nature and are to be used with good judgment and consideration of the pump service. The following is a suggested lubrication interval chart:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pioneer Frame Size</th>
<th>2200 RPM</th>
<th>1800 RPM</th>
<th>1200 RPM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.5 AK Frame</td>
<td>5,000 hrs.</td>
<td>7,500 hrs.</td>
<td>10,000 hrs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.5 AK Frame</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>3,500</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To lubricate the ball bearings, remove the plastic covers from the zerk fittings. Ensure that the zerk fitting and the end of the grease gun are clean. Use only a hand-operated grease gun with ball bearing grease as shown below, or equal:
An oil level gauge is attached to the bearing frame and marked at the factory for proper oil level. ISO viscosity grade 32 turbine oil is installed at the factory. This oil is suitable for a wide range of temperatures. However, during operation temperature measurements should be taken on the bearing frame at the oil sump location. If the indicated temperature is greater than 160°F then the oil should be changed to an ISO viscosity grade 68 turbine oil at the next maintenance interval. Oil should be changed approximately every three months of continuous operation.

LUBRICATION – SEAL OIL RESERVOIR
See Figure A2049A / A2056A
This pump is provided with a seal oil reservoir that permits this unit to run dry. The reservoir supplies lubrication and cooling to the outboard side of the mechanical seal without any liquid in the pump. Monitor the oil level sight gauge and add oil as indicated. During normal operation it is suggested to change this oil every three (3) months. If the sight gauge shows indications of contamination or discoloration, change oil more frequently. The external oil reservoir is filled via a plug on the top of the tank. There is a petcock located on the opposite side of the run-dry gland from the oil inlet line. During initial filling, this petcock should be opened to allow the air to vent from the gland.

Use turbine oil with an ISO rating of 32 or lower. If you have unusual pumping conditions consult Pioneer Pump, Inc. Oil used in the reservoir should be ISO VG 32 Turbine Oil or Automatic transmission oil, equivalent to one of the following manufacturer’s products:

Chevron Turbine oil GST 32
Mobile DTE 797
Shell Turbo T oil 32
MAINTENANCE
TORQUE VALUES FOR FASTENERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIZE UNC</th>
<th>MATERIAL</th>
<th>GRADE 5 BOLTS</th>
<th>GRADE 8 BOLTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>304 SS</td>
<td>9 lb-ft</td>
<td>13 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¼</td>
<td>5/16</td>
<td>19 lb-ft</td>
<td>27 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/16</td>
<td>3/8</td>
<td>34 lb-ft</td>
<td>48 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/8</td>
<td>7/16</td>
<td>54 lb-ft</td>
<td>77 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/16</td>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>83 lb-ft</td>
<td>117 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2</td>
<td>9/16</td>
<td>120 lb-ft</td>
<td>170 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/16</td>
<td>5/8</td>
<td>165 lb-ft</td>
<td>234 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/8</td>
<td>3/4</td>
<td>293 lb-ft</td>
<td>415 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/4</td>
<td>7/8</td>
<td>474 lb-ft</td>
<td>670 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>710 lb-ft</td>
<td>1000 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1 1/4</td>
<td>1421 lb-ft</td>
<td>2000 lb-ft</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The above values are general in nature. If a grade 2 or 5 capscrew is threaded into stainless steel, use the lower value i.e. 304 stainless.

PARTS ORDERING

When ordering parts from Pioneer Pump, Inc. please provide the following information:
1) Pump serial number
2) Pump model
3) Cross section drawing number
4) Part number from cross section drawing
5) Description of part
6) Quantity required
7) Package VIN (Vehicle Identification Number)

SPARE PARTS

Spare parts should be kept on hand to reduce downtime. Service of a particular pump determines the quantity and range of spares. At a minimum the following parts should be stocked.

Suction wear ring
All O-rings
Set of bearings
Mechanical seal
Set of grease seals
If you have unusual pumping conditions, consult Pioneer Pump, Inc. for additional recommended spare parts.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible Causes</th>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible Causes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Discharge</td>
<td>1,2,3,4,5,7,8,9,10,17,18,19,20,37</td>
<td>Vibration and noise</td>
<td>2,4,9,10,14,15,17,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,39,40,41,42,43,44,48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduced Capacity</td>
<td>2,3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,17,19,20,21,38,39,40,47</td>
<td>Seal: excessive leakage, short life, seal housing overheating</td>
<td>22,23,25,33,34,35,36,41,44,45,46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reduces Pressure</td>
<td>5,7,8,11,13,18,19,38,39,40,47</td>
<td>Bearings: over heating, short life, noise</td>
<td>26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,41,42,43,44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss of Prime</td>
<td>2,3,4,7,10,11,20,21,22,23</td>
<td>Pump overheating, seizes</td>
<td>1,8,9,14,33,34,35,36,41,42,43,44,45,46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power consumption excessive</td>
<td>6,12,13,17,18,19,24,33,34,35,36,37,38,41,42,43,44</td>
<td>Corrosion, erosion, pitting, oxidation or other loss of material</td>
<td>7,8,11,14,15,16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>excess, driver runs hot</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Suction line not filled        | 20. Air leak into suction line          | 40. Improper balance (after repair) |
3. Air pocket in suction line     | 21. Air leak through mechanical seal   | 41. Bent shaft                    |
4. Suction inlet or foot valve    | 22. Seal fluid contaminated, hot or    | 42. Excessive thrust              |
    obstructed, insufficiently     | insufficient                           | 43. Rotational element dragging   |
    submerged, or too small        | 23. Seal fluid system not vented       | 44. Worn or incorrectly installed |
    system head higher than pump   | 24. High speed                         | bearings                         |
    design head                    | 25. Mechanical seal insufficient       | 45. Mechanical seal not properly  |
    Insufficient NPSH              | 26. Bearing housing excessively        | set, O-rings damaged or hardened |
    8. Parallel pump application is | 27. Low oil pressure                   | 46. Shaft scored at seal          |
    incorrect                      | (oil lube bearings)                    | 47. Volute O-ring                 |
    9. Suction pressure to vapor    | 28. Improper or poor lubrication       | 48. Foundation not rigid or settled |
    pressure below minimum         | 29. Lubrication defective              |                                  |
    10. Suction lift too high       | 30. Dirt in lubrication/bearings       |                                  |
    12. Specific gravity of         | 32. Lubricant excess                    |                                  |
    pumpage different than design   | 33. Pipe strain                        |                                  |
    13. Viscosity of pumpage        | 34. Temperature growth                 |                                  |
    different than design          | 35. Misalignment                       |                                  |
    14. Operation at below rated    | 36. Coupling improperly installed      |                                  |
    capacity                       | 37. Impeller installed backwards       |                                  |
    15. Cavitation                  | 38. Worn wear rings                    |                                  |
    16. Electrolysis                |                                        |                                  |
    17. Impeller obstructed with    |                                        |                                  |
    foreign material               |                                        |                                  |
    18. Rotation direction wrong    |                                        |                                  |
STORAGE

This is adequately prepared for outside storage prior to shipment, but use the following list of additional suggestions for extended storage.

1) Store the unit off the ground so no water will accumulate around the equipment.

2) Protect unit from blowing sand and dirt.

3) Stack no other items on top of pump/equipment.

4) Protect unit from the entry of any animals.

5) Periodically rotate shaft to lubricate bearings and protect bearings from brinelling.

6) Protect unit with approved drying agents.

7) Ensure all bare metal areas are coated with a rust preventive.

8) Inspect unit every four (4) weeks and replace drying agents (Silica Gel) as required or a minimum of ever six (6) months.

9) Keep and inspection record showing dates of inspection with any maintenance preformed and condition of drying agents.

10) Before installation ensure that all rust protection has been removed. Also, remove any foreign material that may have accumulated during storage.

11) Before installation remove all drying agents (Silica Gel).
CONDITIONS AND TERMS OF SALE

CONTROLLING PROVISIONS: These terms and conditions shall control with respect to any purchase order or sale of Seller’s products. No waiver, alteration or modification of these terms and conditions whether on Buyer’s purchase order or otherwise shall be valid unless the waiver, alteration or modification is specifically accepted in writing and signed by an authorized representative of Seller.

DELIVERY: Seller will make every effort to complete delivery of products as indicated on Seller’s acceptance of an order, but Seller assumes no responsibility or liability, and will accept no backcharge, for loss or damage due to delay or inability to deliver caused by acts of God, war, labor difficulties, accident, delays of carriers, by contractors or suppliers inability to obtain materials, shortages of fuel and energy, or any other causes of any kind whatever beyond the control of Seller. Seller may terminate any contract of sale of its products without liability of any nature, by written notice to Buyer, in the event that the delay in delivery or performance resulting from any of the aforesaid causes shall continue for a period of sixty (60) days. Under no circumstances shall Seller be liable for any special or consequential damages or for loss, damage, or expense (whether or not based on negligence) directly or indirectly arising from delays or failure to give notice of delay.

SELLER’S LIABILITY: Seller will not be liable for any loss, damage, cost of repairs, incidental or consequential damages of any kind, whether based upon warranty (except for the obligation accepted by Seller under “Warranty” above), contract or negligence arising in connection with the design, manufacture, sale, use or repair of the products or of the engineering designs supplied to Buyer.

RETURNS: Seller cannot accept return of any products unless its written permission has been first obtained, in which case same must, on its arrival at Seller’s plant, be found to be in first-class condition; if not, cost of putting in saleable condition will be deducted from credit memoranda. A handling charge deduction of twenty percent (20%) will be made for all credit memoranda issued for material returned. Transportation charges, if not prepaid, will be deducted from credit memorandum.

CANCELLATION OR ALTERATION: Cancellation or alteration of an order by Buyer may not be made without advance written consent of Seller and shall be subject to a cancellation charge. The cancellation charge will be a minimum of fifteen percent (15%) or actual cost incurred by Seller at the time of cancellation or alteration, whichever is greater.

SHIPPMENTS: All products sent out will be carefully examined, counted and packed. The cost of any special packing or special handling caused by Buyer’s requirements or requests shall be added to the amount of the order. No claim for shortages will be allowed.

SPECIAL PRODUCTS: Orders covering special or non-standard products are not subject to cancellation except on such terms as Seller may specify on application.

QUOTATIONS: All quotations are subject to approval, acceptance and correction at the home office. Any errors in quotations resulting in orders will be corrected and re-submitted to the customer for their acceptance or refusal. All quotations are valid for 45 days from the date on the quotation.

PRICES AND DESIGNS: Prices and designs are subject to change without notice. All prices are F.O.B. Point of Shipment, unless otherwise stated.

TAXES: The amount of any sales, excise or other taxes, if any, applicable to the products covered by this order, shall be added to the purchase price and shall be paid by Buyer unless Buyer provides Seller with an exemption certificate acceptable to the taxing authorities.

TERMS OF SALE: For value received, Buyer agrees to honor all terms of the sale, as outlined on the reverse hereof, including, but not limited to the following:

♦ 3% 10, net 30 days unless otherwise specified in writing.
♦ Buyer agrees and understands that payments will be considered past due if payment is not received within thirty (30) days of the invoice date.
♦ Buyer agrees that all past due payments shall bear interest at the rate of 1.5% per month (18% per annum) until paid in full.
♦ Buyer agrees that it is the intention of Buyer and Seller to conform strictly to all usury laws now in force and effect in the state of purchase.
♦ Buyer further agrees not to suffer or permit any charge, lien, security interest, adverse claim or encumbrance of any and every nature whatsoever against the equipment until the indebtedness secured thereby is satisfied in full.
♦ Minimum invoice amount will be no less than $25.00 plus transportation.

USE OF EQUIPMENT: Buyer agrees to maintain and use the equipment solely in the conduct of its own business, in a careful and proper manner, and in conformity with all applicable permits, licenses, statues, ordinances, regulations and laws.

INSURANCE: Buyer shall have and maintain at all times with respect to all equipment insuring against risk of fire, theft and other risks as Seller may require, until the indebtedness secured thereby is satisfied in full.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>QTY.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>30837139</td>
<td>ELBOW 2&quot; X 1/2&quot; NPT 90°</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>30637301</td>
<td>NIPPLE 1/2&quot; NPT x CLOSE</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>30638399</td>
<td>NIPPLE 2.0&quot; NPT x CLOSE</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>32200101</td>
<td>VALVE 1/2&quot; BRONZE BALL</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>37821208</td>
<td>WASHER SPLIT LOCK .25 304SS</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>37721204</td>
<td>NUT HVY MACHINE .25-20 304SS</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>10621597</td>
<td>VALVE WASHER</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>33021108</td>
<td>SPRING 2&quot; LONG x 1.46 OD</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>10621799</td>
<td>VALVE STEM 304SS</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>30103310</td>
<td>O-RING 2-310 VITON</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>37621038SCD150</td>
<td>BOLT SOC HD .38-16UNC x 1.5 304SS</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>10621800</td>
<td>VALVE SEAT</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>30103228</td>
<td>O-RING 2-228 VITON</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>106042033</td>
<td>VALVE ADAPTER</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>32632050C726</td>
<td>BOLT .50-13UNC x 1.25 GS PL</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>32839401</td>
<td>WASHER SPLIT LOCK 50 STPL</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>31138103</td>
<td>NPT PIPE PLUG, SQUARE HEAD, 1/2&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>104157207</td>
<td>LID FOR PRIMING CHAMBER (COMPACT)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>318136974</td>
<td>LID GASKET, PRIMING CHAMBER</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>10621594</td>
<td>LINKAGE BRACKET 304SS</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>37621038C062</td>
<td>BOLT .38-16UNC x .63 304SS</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>10621595</td>
<td>LINKAGE UPPER ARM</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>1060008527</td>
<td>FLOAT BALL AND ARM FOR COMPACT PRIMING CHAMBER</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>10621605</td>
<td>LINK UPPER &amp; LOWER ARM</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>33021101</td>
<td>CLEVIS PIN .187 Dia x 1.0 304SS</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>33021102</td>
<td>COTTER PIN .094 Dia x 1.5 304SS</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>37621031C075</td>
<td>BOLT .31-18UNC x .75</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>102216896</td>
<td>STRAINER PLATE, PRIMING CHAMBER</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>37821213</td>
<td>WASHER SPLIT LOCK .31 304SS</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>103156969</td>
<td>PRIMING CHAMBER</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>37821209</td>
<td>WASHER FENDER .25 x 1.25 OD 304S</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**JAW** - .002 REMOVED BOTTOM FLANGE, GASKET, & NIPPLE 5/11/2011
**JAW** - .001 CORRECTED BALL VALVE DIRECTION 4/30/2011
**JAW** - .000 INITIAL CHECK IN 3/11/2011
ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTIONS:

WITH THE FORKED PORTION OF THE UPPER ARM PARALLEL TO THE STEM WASHER, THE GAP BETWEEN THEM SHOULD BE .03" - .09".

IF THIS GAP IS TOO LARGE, PLACE A SHIM BETWEEN THE ACTUATOR BRACKET AND THE PRIMING CHAMBER LID.

- (10621629A = 10 GAGE SHIM = .125" THICK),
- (10621629B = 16 GAGE SHIM = .062" THICK),
- (10621629C = 12 GAGE SHIM = .099" THICK)

THIS WILL LOWER THE BRACKET AND REDUCE THE GAP ALLOWING THE VALVE TO OPEN UP AS NECESSARY TO DRAW A VACUUM MORE EFFICIENTLY.

NOTE: THERE HAVE BEEN SOME CASES WHERE THE VALVE HAS STILL FAILED TO OPEN PROPERLY WHEN THE GAP IS SHIMMED CORRECTLY. AT THIS POINT THE SPRING TENSION NEEDS TO BE REDUCED, THIS DONE BY ADDING ONE OR TWO 1/4" STAINLESS FLAT WASHERS (32821201) BETWEEN THE STEM AND VALVE WASHER.
UPPER HALF OF DRAWING SHOWS
OIL LUBRICATED FRAME WITH METAL BELLOWS SEAL (HOT OIL)

MECHANICAL SEAL STATIONARY SEAT

METAL BELLOWS MECHANICAL SEAL (HOT OIL)

MECHANICAL SEAL SPRING

RUBBER BELLOWS SEAL (STD)

MECHANICAL SEAL STATIONARY SEAT

LOWER HALF OF DRAWING SHOWS
GREASE LUBRICATED FRAME WITH RUBBER BELLOWS SEAL (STD.)
UPPER HALF OF DRAWING SHOWS
OIL LUBRICATED FRAME WITH METAL
BELLOWS SEAL (HOT OIL)

BRACKPLATE O-RING

DUAL BRACKPLATE LIPSEALS
(OIL LUBE BEARINGS ONLY)

HUB WEAR-RING

AUXILIARY GLAND

AUXILIARY GLAND LIP SEAL
(FOR "RUN-DRY" ONLY)

LOWER HALF OF DRAWING SHOWS
GREASE LUBRICATED FRAME WITH
RUBBER BELLOWS SEAL (STD.)

SINGLE BRACKPLATE LIP SEAL
(GREASE LUBE BEARINGS)
**BEARING CAP**

**BEARING CAP O-RING**
(OIL LUBED BEARINGS ONLY)

**DRIVE-END BEARINGS**
(DOUBLE ANGULAR CONTACT)

**SHAFT**

**PUMP-END BEARING**

**UPPER HALF OF DRAWING SHOWS**

**OIL LUBRICATED FRAME WITH METAL BELLOWS SEAL (HOT OIL)**

**LOWER HALF OF DRAWING SHOWS**

**GREASE LUBRICATED FRAME WITH RUBBER BELLOWS SEAL (STD.)**

**BEARING HOUSING**
NOTE:
-PIONEER PUMP PART NUMBERS IN ()
--CONTACT PIONEER PUMP FOR DIFFERENT SIZES

REMOVING PRIMING CHAMBER & SPOOL

DWG NO. 10045A
REVISION: 000
DRAWN BY: ESW
DATE: 7/24/2011
INSTALLER MUST CONFIRM THAT PUMP SHAFT MAKES NO DIRECT CONTACT WITH ENGINE FLYWHEEL OR CRANKSHAFT AND THAT COUPLING IS INSTALLED SO AS TO TRANSMIT NO AXIAL THRUST TO THE ENGINE FLYWHEEL OR CRANKSHAFT.

DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE BASED ON SAE STANDARD BELLHOUSING AND FLYWHEEL DIMENSIONS. INSTALLER ASSUMES FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR VERIFYING DIMENSIONS CORRECT FOR ANY PARTICULAR ENGINE.

"G" = 2.43
"G" = 2.13
"G" = 1.56

"A" = 2.55
"A" = 2.25
"A" = 1.38

© PIONEER PUMP, INC. CORRECT COUPLING POSITION FOR SAE 3 & 4 W/8", 10" & 11.5" DRIVES